



REVIEW OF SOUTH AFRICA'S APPLIANCE ENERGY CLASSES AND IDENTIFICATION OF THE NEXT SET OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT FOR INCLUSION IN THE NATIONAL STANDARDS AND LABELLING PROJECT: NEW ELECTRICAL APPLIANCES

Pool Pumps Stakeholder Workshops

4 April 2019







Agenda

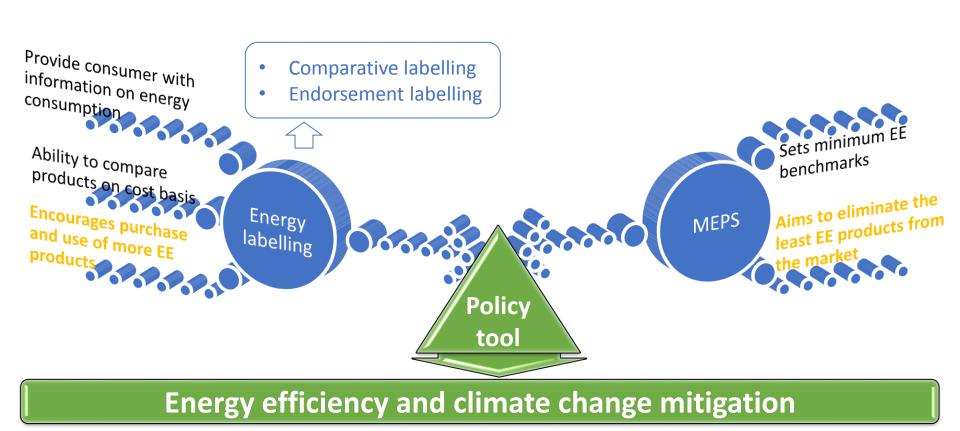
- 1. Policy tools considered
- 2. Scope of work and boundaries
- 3. Screening process
- 4. Methodology
- 5. International MEPS trends
- 6. SA analysis
- 7. Recommendations
- 8. Open discussion



1. Policy tools considered



Energy labelling and MEPS





Policy options to improve energy efficiency

- Two main policy options considered are energy labelling and Minimum Energy Performance Standards (MEPS)
- These are typically enacted through government legislation and regulations
- When is labelling most effective?
 - When consumers purchase products and pay the energy bills
 - When products are on display at purchase and can be compared
 - Where there is a wide range of energy efficiency on the market
- Labelling creates market pull to encourage suppliers to offer more efficient products to the market

Policy options to improve energy efficiency

- When is MEPS most effective?
 - When product purchasers do not pay energy bills (can be different parts of a company, landlord and tenant)
 - When products are not on display for sale (purchased on specifications or from catalogues)
 - When there is a significant range of efficiency available (internationally) but this is not always present on the local market
- MEPS is a market push to ensure that all products offered for sale meet a minimum efficiency level



2. Scope of work and boundaries



Study objectives (as per TOR)

- To <u>identify a new set of electrical equipment (residential or commercial)</u> to which compulsory minimum energy efficiency MEPS and/or labelling could be introduced
- To <u>recommend timelines for implementation</u> of improved and new minimum energy performance levels for the next set of electrical equipment
- 3. To <u>conduct an impact assessment analysis</u> of the proposed mandatory requirements for each appliance on <u>consumers</u>, <u>retailers</u>, <u>South African manufacturers</u>, and <u>importers</u>
- 4. To <u>quantify the potential energy and greenhouse gas</u> <u>emission savings</u> that could be achieved through new MEPS and/or labelling over a 10 and 30-year period



Project Scope (UNDP and DOE)

1. Purpose:

 Identify new electrical appliances that could be considered for a Standards & Labelling Programme

2. Key considerations:

- 4-10 products (residential and commercial)
- Must include distribution transformers
- Main goal reduce electricity usage and GHG emissions

3. Approach:





3. Screening



Screening process

All lights, appliances

- List all lights and appliances products
- MEPS and labelling in 75 countries

0. Scope

- Boundaries Remove products out of scope
- Products covered by MEPS in SA already
- Remove any non-electric products

1. MEPS elsewhere

- Globally regulated products
- At least two countries/economic blocks
- EU MEPS/Ecodesign counted as one

2. Energy Savings

- Likley future energy savings from new MEPS
- Efficiency range, sales, usage levels and power
- Relative significant future potential energy savings

3. Ease of adoption

- Check for adoption, implementation and operation issues
- Relevant test procedures in place, ideally SAN (or IEC, ISO)
- MVE issues, especially any verification issues

4. Other barriers

- SA appropriate technical or other barriers
- Technologies, increased purchase costs, rate of market change, local manufacturing impacts

96

72

24

9



Shortlisted electric equipment



Household appliances

Chiller systems

None



Office equipment and electronics

Computers
Televisions
External Power Supplies



Motors - 3 Phase
Pool Pumps
Refrigerators – Commercial
Distribution Transformers

Note: Large ACs (>7.1kW) to be covered in a separate study



4. Methodology



Methodology

Data sources:

- In-house developed database of electric appliances (web crawling, brochures, etc.)
- Interviews with the industry representatives

Approach:

Development of product database Interviews with industry representatives

Analysis of MEPS in other countries
Product testing requirements
Identifying MEPS for consideration in S.A.

Country related impacts
Consumer-specific impacts

Recommendations

Implementation plan



Data sources

- Stakeholder engagements
- International MEPS programs covered
- Field data collection
 - Online shops
 - Web crawling/brochures



240 models of pool pumps

- Suppliers, supplier type and contact details
- o Brand info
- Model and model description
- Flow rates, maximum water temperature and casing pressure
- Power supply, power input and output, rated current
- Motor speed
- Weight, price, and pool pump applications

Speck Pumps South Africa (Phy) 206	Manufacture (himporter	+27 23 700 1368	tatt/spa pumps		MADU 45	Rady 65/11	BADU 65/11 Incl. Unices 50mm		7280V	0.67		1.1	2840	10	23
						Rady 65/36	BADU 65/36 Incl. Unices 50mm		"280V	1.1		4.1			
							BAOU 65/20 Incl. Unions 50mm		7230V	1.5		6.7			
			Self-printing circulation pumps			Radu Purparse 30			7230V	0.69		1.2	2840	60	23
						Bady Paragon 25			7280V	1.17	0.79	- 0			
						Radu Purposer 22			*280V	1.15		8.7			
			private swimming pools and hir ponds		MEDITOR TOUCH				1280V	0.0		2.0	269	60	2.5
									7280V	0.7		4.1			
									7230V	1.05		7.2			
			recidential pools			Radu Galaxy 16			*280V	1.5		43	2840	60	23
						Bady Galasy 19			288V	1.55		6.7			
						Radu Galaxy 21			*280V	1.79	1.5	9.7			
			unall filtration plants, splash pools, Kirl ponds	Speck	MADU Picco										
			and water features			Rady Prox 5			7280V	0.39	0.3	1.0		60	
			onall filtration plants, splash pools, har ponds and water features		MIDU Magic	Bady Mark 6			328V	0.45	0.25	2.5	2890	- 80	
						Radu Magic 8			7330V	0.67		3.3			
			harmi pools, pool attrictions, massage baths or public pools		MANU Resort	Badu Resort 32			7280V	1.9		3.3/5.2		65	23
						Radu Resort 63			7280V	2.7	2.2	4.4/8.0			
						Bady Resort 65			T288V	3.5		5.6/9.7			
						Badu Resort 52			T288V	1.0		6,2/50.2			
						Badu Resort 55			nessy	4.8		4.5/7.1			
						Badu Resort 60			rasev	3.5		5.6/9.2			
						Badu Resort 72			rasev	3.8		6.2/50.3			
						Badu Resort 83			nessy	4.8		4.5/7.8			
						Badu Resort 110			nessy	6.0	5.5	6.9/11.0			
						JAMES RESULTS LIKE			****						



5. International MEPS trends



Product Overview

- Water pumps used to circulate pool water for filtration and hygiene
- Market comprises single speed and variable speed drive pumps
- Large energy savings can be achieved by reducing flow rates
- Larger pipe diameters and low loss fittings also helpful to reduce friction losses
- Mix of private (smaller) and communal systems (larger) – poor data in South Africa

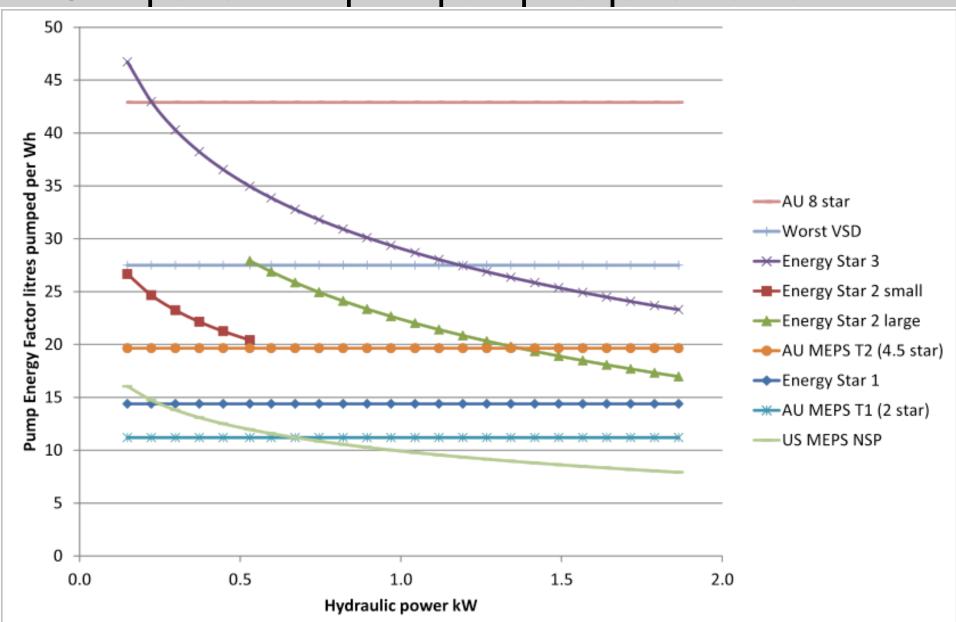


International Review of MEPS for pool pumps

- US and Australia have test methods
- No countries with MEPS at this stage:
 - California requires two speed or multi-speed pump with default to lower speed (quasi-MEPS)
 - Australia has labeling and is considering MEPS
 - US has MEPS from 2021
 - Europe have pump MEPS but exclude pools looking at pools under Lot 29 EcoDesign
- Energy Star defines high efficiency levels



Comparison of pool pump requirements



6. SA analysis



Market Overview

- Different ranges:
 - Power output range: 18W (small pumps) 18.4kW (large pumps)
 - Flow rate range: 500l/h (small pumps) 63 000l/h (large pumps)
- Single phase vs multi-phase electricity
- Sales:
 - 60%-300% price difference between single speed and VSD pumps
 - Industry rep estimates 100000 units sold p.a.
 - Local market dominated by single speed pumps



Market overview cont.

- Over 12 pool pump brands available
- Popular suppliers:
 - Speck Pumps, Fluidra Waterlinx, Uni Pumps, Pentair,
 Zodiac, Earthco Pump, Emaux, Espa, and Glong
 - Market dominated by Flurida Waterlinx, Earthco, and Speck Pumps
- Local assemblers dominate the market
 - Local assemblers (70%) and importers (30%)
 - Local assemblers: use imported motors and locally molded wet ends
 - Importers: Italy and China



Impact Analysis – Assumptions

- Total sales: estimates derived during industry engagements
- Other market and technical data drawn from Australia
- Single product configuration used for modelling

Sectoral focus	Residential only		
Total annual pool pump sales (residential)	30 000		
Projected per annum sales growth post 2018	2%		
Average pool size	45,000L		
Intensity base	8 L/Wh		
Intensity (Highly Efficient)	27 L/Wh		
Number of turnovers per day	1		
Year days	365		
Product life	12		



Impact Analysis – Energy Savings

$$Annual \ kWh = (\frac{Pool \ size * Turnover}{Intensity})/1000 * 365$$

Annual en	ergy (kWh)	Savings (kWh)		
BAU	MEPS			
2053	608	1445		



Impact Analysis – Consumer-specific impacts

Supplier	Pump type and efficiency	Energy Savings	Pump price	Price difference	
•	0.75kW single speed pump (i.e. less efficient)	20.400/	R2,000 – R7,500	60 – 300%	
A	0.75kW variable speed drive pump (i.e. more efficient)	20-40%	R8,000 – R12,000		
В	Ordinary pump (i.e. less efficient)	Not stated	R2,000	150%	
В	Eco-touch pump (i.e. more efficient)	างบเ รเสเซน	R5,000	130 /0	

- More energy efficient pool pumps will come at a cost (short-term)
- The relatively higher purchase costs envisaged to drop over time
 - Economies of scale
 - Other market corrections



Impact Analysis – other macro-economic impacts

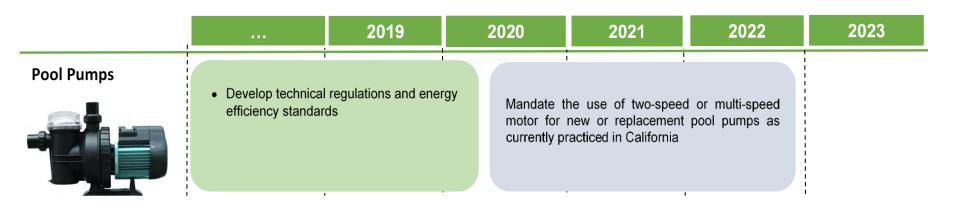
- MEPS might adversely impact local manufacturing in the short-term
 - Sales might be affected depending on the elasticity of demand
 - Smaller companies might be forced out of business



7. Recommendations



Recommendations for swimming pool pumps



- Option 1: align with US MEPS 2021 fairly weak
- Option 2: align with California require 2 or more speed pumps
- Option 3: align with proposed Australian MEPS levels
- Option 2 is simple and more effective in terms of energy impact



8. Discussion



Thank you

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